

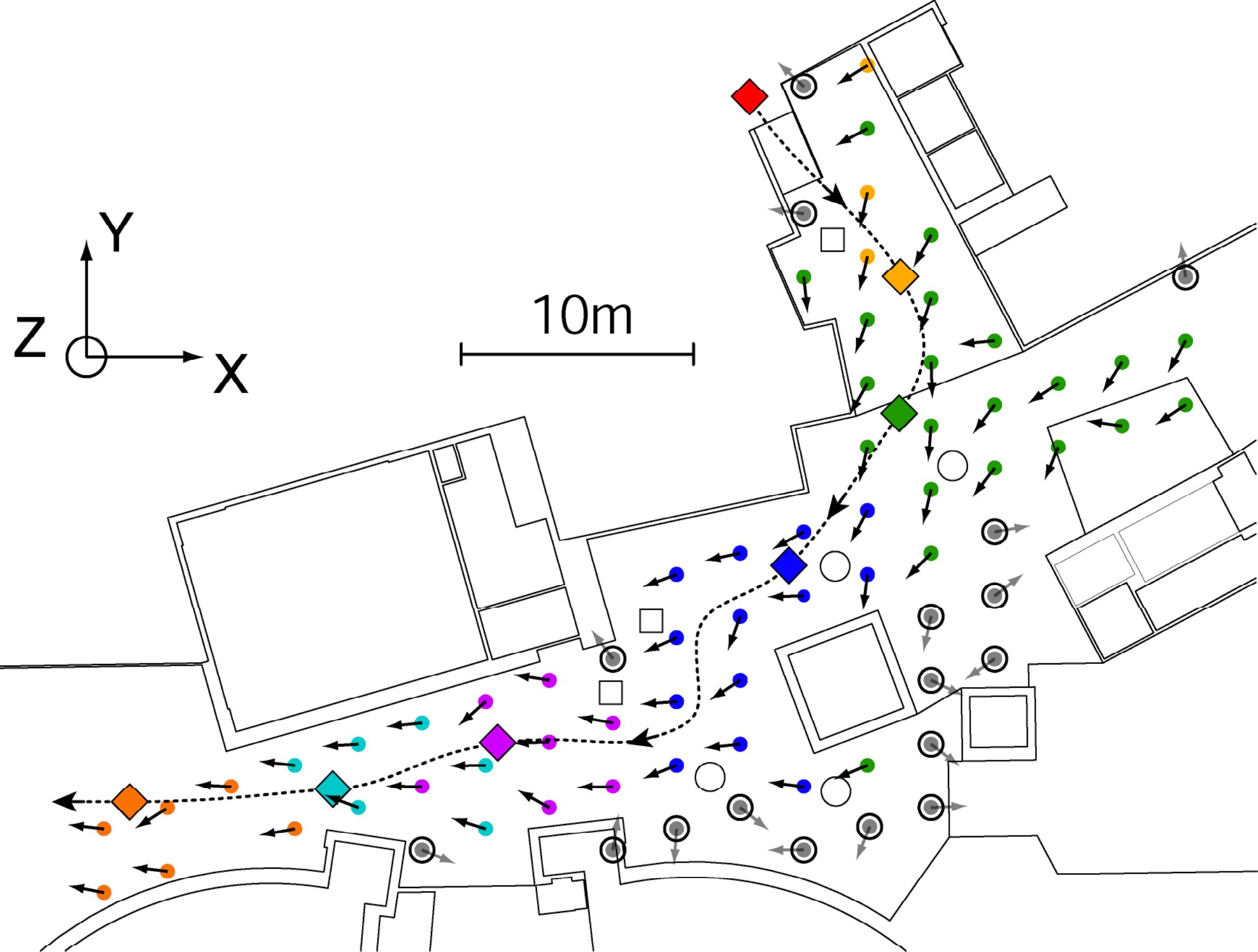


Body-relative Navigation Guidance using Uncalibrated Cameras

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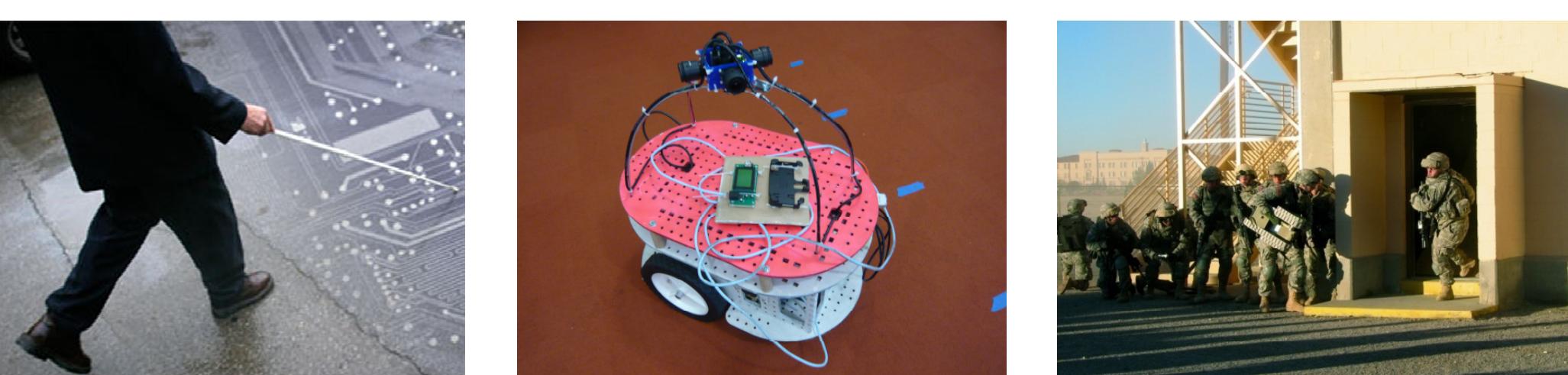
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Initial trajectory (dashed) and guidance upon revisit (arrows)

Problem Statement

- Provide navigation assistance to a human in unknown, GPS-denied environments.



Applications & Scenario

- Soldiers in the field, visually impaired, robotics
- User explores the environment (*exploration phase*)
- User requests guidance (*navigation phase*)

Why uncalibrated cameras?

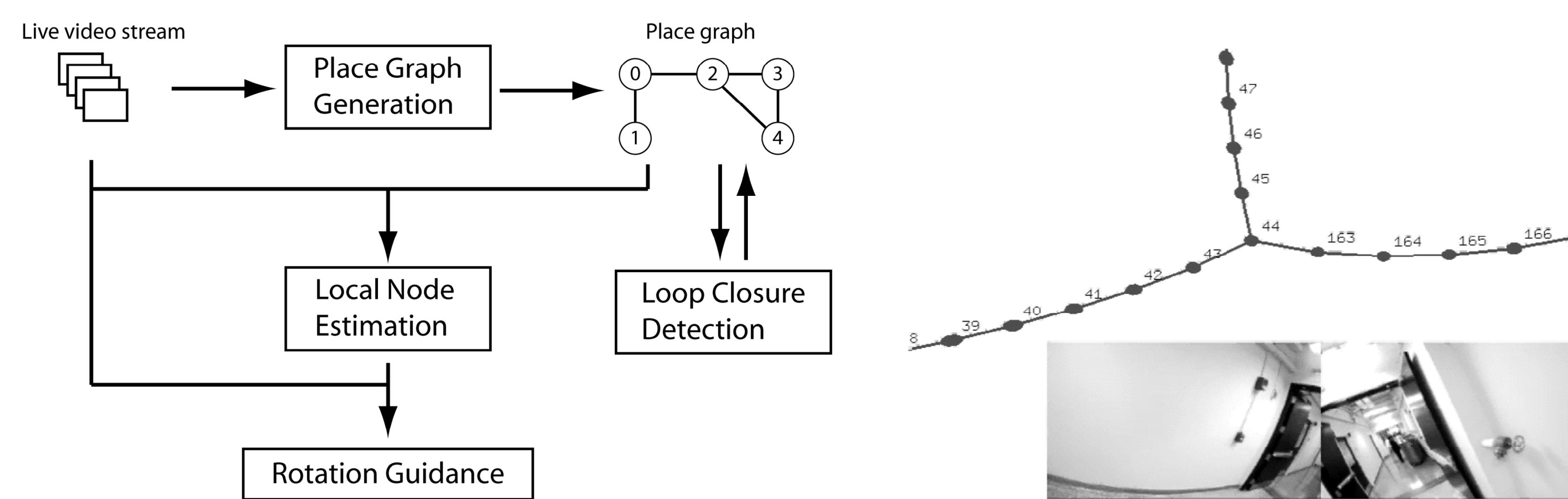


Four Pointgrey Firefly MV;
FOV: 360x90 deg

- calibration is tedious
- automated calibration in the field is non-trivial
- calibration parameters change in real conditions

Method Overview

- User's exploration path = *place graph*
- Pb 1: user localization (*progress guidance*)
- Pb 2: directional guidance (*rotation guidance*)



Generating the place graph

- Analyze visual appearance variability
- Ψ -similarity between two sets of features based upon feature matching and L2 distance

Localization in the place graph

- Recursive Bayesian Estimation
- Unknown state (x_k): position in the graph
- Measurements (z_k): visual observations

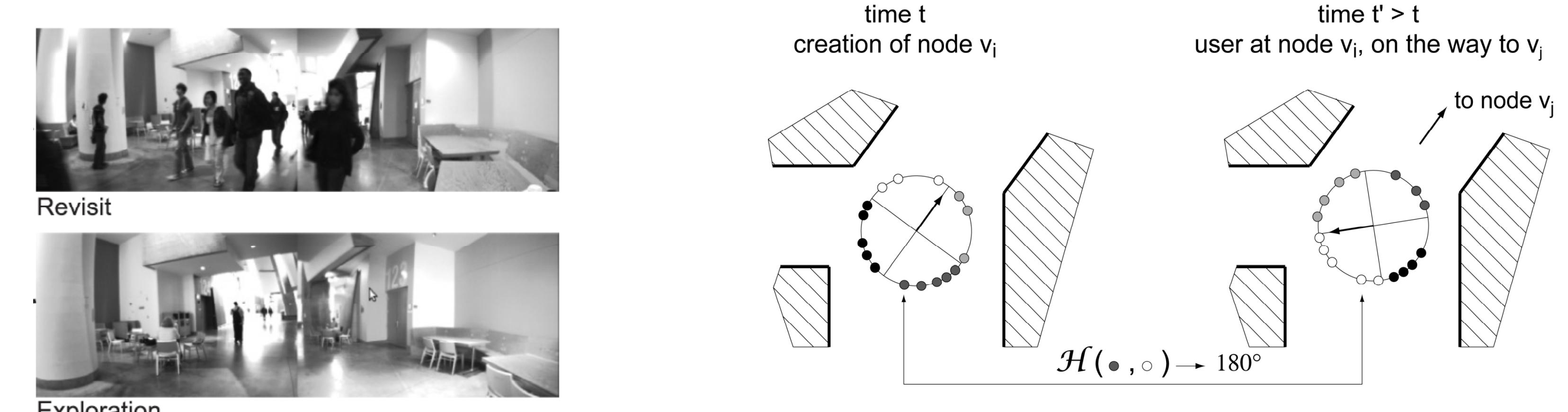
$$p(x_{k+1} | z_k) = \sum p(x_{k+1} | x_k)p(x_k | z_k)$$

$$p(x_{k+1} | z_{k+1}) = \lambda p(z_{k+1} | x_{k+1})p(x_{k+1} | z_k)$$

$$p(z_k | x_k) = 1/\Psi(z_k, z_{x_k})$$

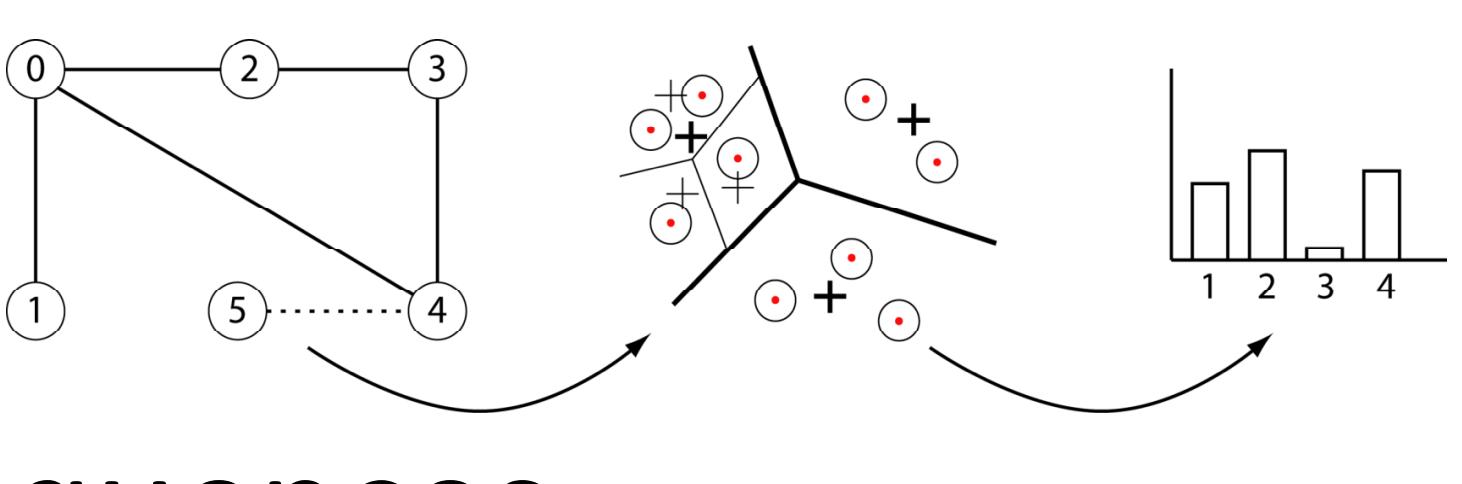
Body-relative rotation guidance

- Voting-scheme using feature matches across cameras (*match matrix*)
- Relies upon coarse geometric camera configuration
- Central Limit Theorem (*large n*): rotation error is normally distributed with $\sigma \sim 1/\sqrt{n}$
- Systems *learns* match matrix from training



Online loop-closure detection

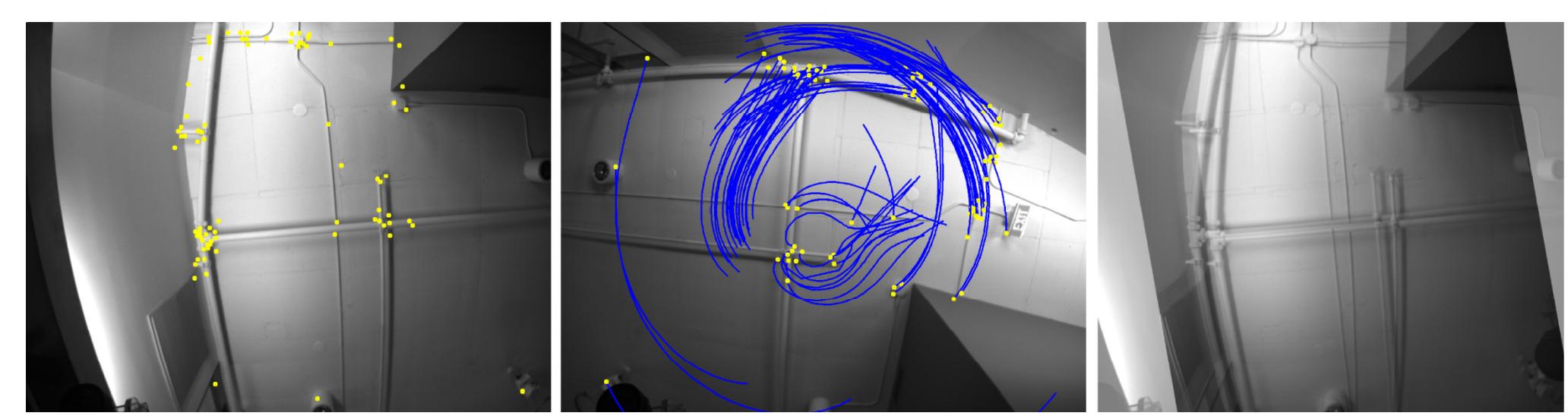
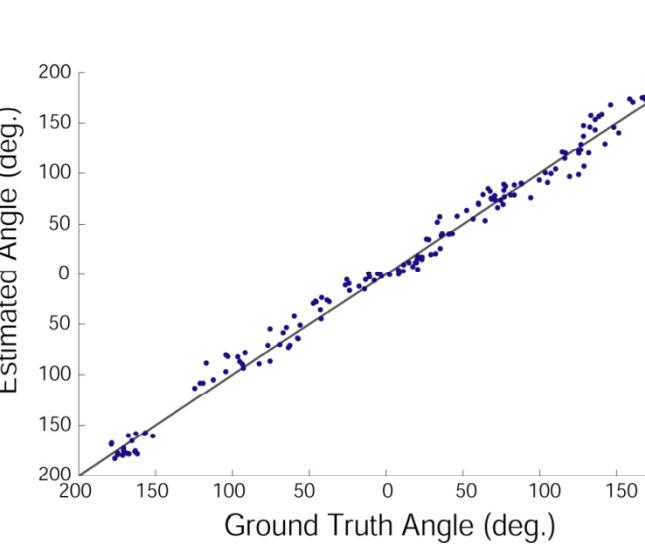
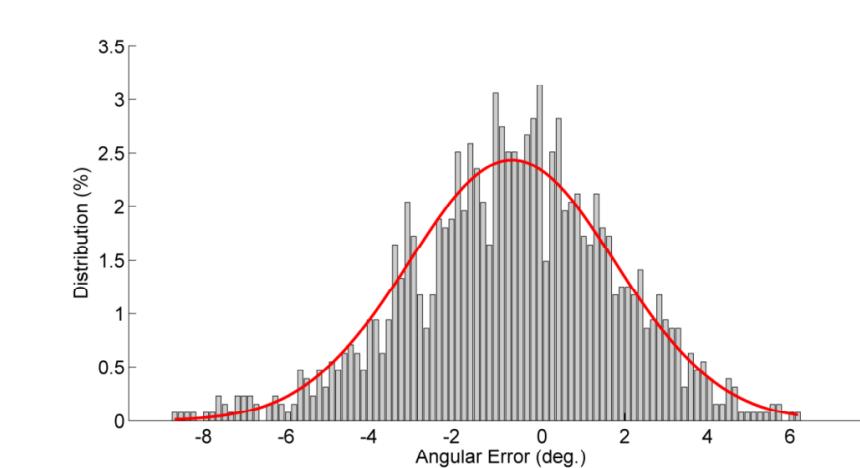
- Pair-wise node similarity using "bags of words"
- Extraction of similar node sequences



Method validation

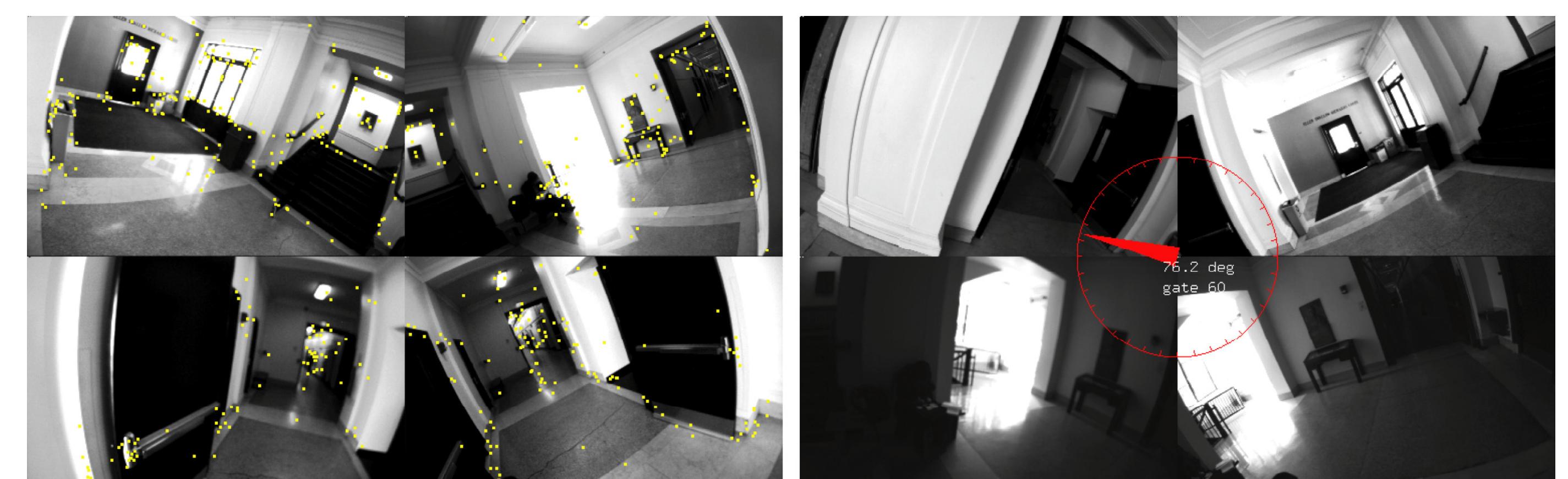
Error vs IMU: 8°

Error vs visual ground truth: 11°

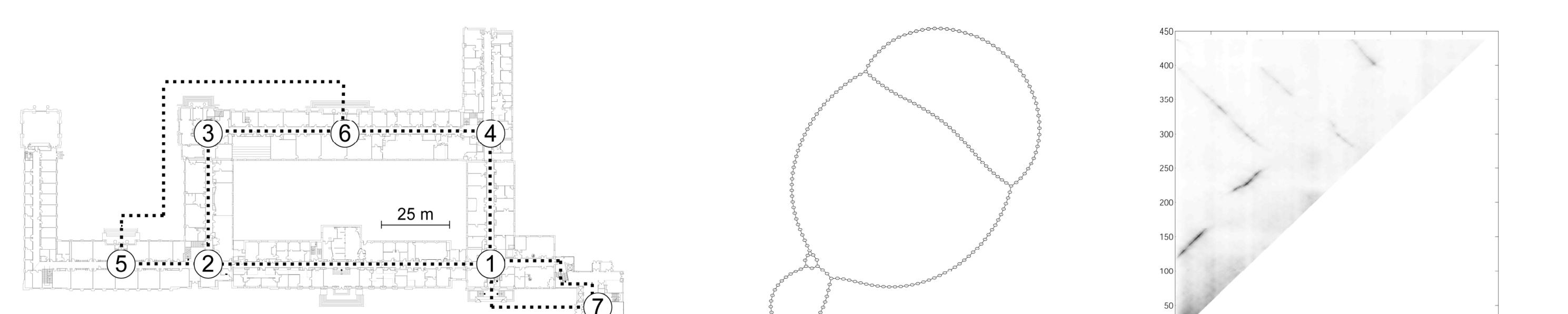


Real-world walking excursions

Name	Scenario	Duration	Length	# frames	# nodes	# checkpoints
MEZZANINE	replay	10 min.	400m	6,000	91	36
GALLERIA	homing	15 min.	700m	9,000	154	150
CORRIDORS	point-to-point	30 min.	1,500m	18,000	197	0



SIFT features (left); body-relative guidance output (right)



Loop closure (CORRIDORS dataset). 30 min walk across MIT corridors.

Discussion

- Robust guidance in user's body frame
- Single assumption on the environment (distinctive visual features)
- Fails in dark or featureless environments
- Assumes smooth user motion

Acknowledgments

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